



IOM International Organization for Migration
OIM Organisation Internationale pour les Migrations
OIM Organización Internacional para las Migraciones

Bulgaria FACT SHEET

1. Basic info

Capital: Sofia
Population: 7,322,858
Area: 110,910 sq km
Currency: Lev (BGL)
Unemployment rate: 6%

2. General conditions of entry and visa information

The types of visas are:

1. Airport Transit Visa (A)

Issued to a foreigner who travels by aircraft, changes planes in the Republic of Bulgaria and proceeds with the journey by the next earliest connecting flight on the route.

Nationals of Albania, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Croatia, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia are not subject to the visa A requirement.

2. Transit Visa (B)

Issued to a foreigner who enters the Republic of Bulgaria from one State en route to another State and who leaves the territory of Bulgaria within 24 hours. The period of validity of a transit visa may not exceed 12 months from the date of issue and entitles the foreigner to a single, double or multiple transit passages. The number of transit passages through the territory of the Republic of Bulgaria authorized by a multiple transit visa may not exceed 90 within any six-month period.

3. Short term stay visa (C)

A short-stay visa is issued to a foreigner for a single or multiple entry into Bulgaria and a cumulative duration of the stay not exceeding 90 days within any six-month period, from the date of first entry.

Supporting documentation for the issuance of a short stay visa in Bulgaria:

Upon submission of an application for the issuing of a short-stay visa, the applicant must present:

- documents supporting the visa application, and copies of these documents;
- proof of possession of sufficient financial means to cover the subsistence, accommodation and return costs

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Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra



Federal Office
for Migration
and Refugees



4. The long term stay visa (D)

The long-term visa D can be issued up to 6 months and in some conditions up to 1 year. The following categories of applicants can receive the 1 year long-term visa:

- foreigners carrying out scientific research
- students in 1 year educational programmes
- post-graduate students or trainees
- are sent by a foreign employer to fulfil tasks related to tourist services or investments

A long-term residence in Bulgaria can be continuous with a one-year leave to remain (based on the D-type visa), or permanent with an indefinite leave to remain (permanent residence). Applications for D-type visas can be submitted to Bulgaria's consular representations abroad. Applications for permanent residence can only be submitted in Bulgaria.

The following categories must apply for a long-term visa D and subsequently a continuous residence permit:

- Persons granted a work permit
- foreigners involved in commercial activities inside the country and who, as part of these activities, have hired Bulgarian citizens
- Students admitted to licensed educational establishments for full-time education
- foreign specialists residing in Bulgaria by force of international agreements to which Bulgaria is party
- persons who have married a Bulgarian citizen or a foreigner residing permanently in the country
- foreigners representing a foreign commercial company
- Foreigners who are the financially independent parents of foreigners permanently residing in the country
- foreigners who have been admitted to a Bulgarian clinic for medical treatment and who have the required financial means
- foreign media correspondents
- foreign investors
- members of the family of a foreigner with a continuous residence permit or a Bulgarian citizen
- parents of a foreigner or are de facto cohabitants of a foreigner who has been granted a continuous residence permit
- persons who wish to work on a freelance basis after obtaining a permit from the authorities of the Ministry of Labour and Social Policy
- persons who wish to perform non-profit activities after obtaining a permission from the Ministry of Justice

Embassy of Bulgaria in Tirana, Albania

Ruga Skenderberg 12, Tirana

Phone: +355-4-23-29-06; +355-4-23-31-55

Fax: +355-4-23-32-72

Email: bgemb@icc.al.eu.org

Embassy of Bulgaria in Bosnia Herzegovina

Souk Bunar br. 5, 71000, Sarajevo

Phone: +387-71-668-191; +387-71-668-189

Fax: +387-71-668-182; +387-71-668-189

Email: possar@bih.net.ba

Embassy of Bulgaria in Zagreb, Croatia

Gornje prekrizje, 28, Zagreb

Tel: (0038 51) 46-46-609, 46-46-631, 46-46-640,

Fax: (0038 51) 46-46-625

E-mail: veleposlanstvo.republike.bugarske@zg.t-com.hr

Embassy of Bulgaria in Skopje, Republic of Macedonia

3, Zlatko Shnajder Str., 1000 Skopje

Tel.: +389 (2) 3 229 444

Fax: +389 (2) 3 246 493
E-mail: secretary@bgemb.org.mk

Embassy of Bulgaria in Serbia

Birchaninova str 26, 11 000, Belgrade
Phone: +381-11-361-3980
Fax: +381-11-361-1136; +381-11-362-0116
Email: bulgamb@eunet.yu

Representative Office of Bulgaria in Pristina, Kosovo

12, Ismail Qemali Str., Dragodan, Pristina, Kosovo
Phone: +381-38-245-540
Fax: +381-38-245-443
Email: dbpristina@abv.bg

Embassy of Bulgaria in Podgorica, Montenegro

10 Vukice Mitrovica, Podgorica 81 000,
Tel: 00381 81 655 009
Fax: 00381 81 655 008
E-mail: bg.embassy.me@abv.bg

3. Immigration for employment purposes

a) conditions of entry and stay of foreign workers

A foreigner must possess a work permit to work in Bulgaria. Maximum term for a work permit is one year and it can be renewed for a total period of three years after which there has to be at least one month of interruption. Maximum period of employment does not apply in the case of high managerial posts, teachers and professors, sportsmen and specialist for the control and reception of goods from foreign companies.

Persons do not requiring work permits:

- permanent residence permit holders
- recognised refugees and persons with humanitarian status
- posted by foreign companies to Bulgaria
- managers of foreign companies
- representatives of international organisations
- researchers
- family members of Bulgarian or EEA nationals

Work permit could be granted only to individuals possessing skills, specialized knowledge, which are required but could not be found on the national labour market. Work permit is only issued upon an employer request and is subject to the labour market test establishing that there are no suitable Bulgarians or EEA nationals for the post.

Holders of a short-term visa, students, independent parents of permanently residing foreigners or Bulgarian citizens do not have the right to work in Bulgaria.

Foreigners wishing to work in Bulgaria need a work permit, issued by the Employment Agency with the Ministry of Labour and Social Policy. The work permit can be issued for a period of 1 year (with two 1-year extension option).

Persons granted a work permit must subsequently apply for a long-term visa D and a continuous residence permit.

Useful info on the residence permit on the bases of work, rights of the holders, procedure for setting up a company in Bulgaria can be find on the following web site: <http://www.bulgaria-portfolio.com/2008/01/work-permits.html> and on <http://www.bulgarianembassy.org.uk/visa/Long-term%20visas%20Type%20D.htm>

National Employment Agency - http://www.az.government.bg/eng/index_en.asp

b) Job search websites:

<http://bulgaria.jobs.com/>

<http://www.bgrabotodatel.com/home.php>

<http://www.itjobs.bg/>

<http://www.jobtiger.bg/>

<http://www.jobs.bg/>

<http://www.jobspartner.bg/>

<http://mycv.bg/>

<http://bg.tiptopjob.com/>

c) Quotas and bilateral agreements where they exist:

- Agreement for social insurance between Republic of Macedonia and Republic of Bulgaria – on power since 01/08/2004
- Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Macedonia and Republic of Bulgaria on mutual recognition of the education documents and science degrees - on power since 08/03/2002
- Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Macedonia and Republic of Bulgaria on mutual recognition for cooperation in the area of health and medical science – on power since 23/02/2001
- Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Macedonia and Republic of Bulgaria on mutual cooperation in the field of education and science – on power since 08/02/2002

4. Immigration for study purposes

a) conditions of entry and stay for students

Foreign students generally stay for a longer period, and for that they require a type D long-term student visa. Allow at least a month, and preferably two months, for handling the formalities.

The following documents are required:

- an application form and two passport-size photographs;
- a passport;
- a certificate from the Ministry of Education and Science showing that the applicant has been admitted for tuition during the relevant academic year (an original or a certified copy is required);
- a money transfer document issued by a Bulgarian bank;
- the number of the bank account to which the fee was transferred;
- evidence of accommodation and address in Bulgaria;
- evidence of sufficient funds to cover the student's living expenses.

The certificate showing proof of admission should be obtained by liaising with the admissions office of your future university. They will tell you which documents are needed (including secondary education diplomas and a medical certificate). Transfer and visiting students only need to provide an official transcript from their current institution.

For specifics on what to include the application check in with your local embassy or consulate in your home country. (Please see the locations of the Bulgarian Embassies in the region in section 1 on visa). Foreigners of ethnic Bulgarian nationality are not required to submit proof of possession of financial means to cover the subsistence costs.

Students have the right to part-time work without a work permit up to 20 hours a week during the academic year or three months during the summer vacation period.

b) graduate and post-graduate scholarships

Erasmus Mundus: The Erasmus Mundus programme offers scholarships to students of exceptional quality to follow an Erasmus Mundus Masters Course at two or more European universities. The scheme is open to students throughout the world, excluding those from the countries of the European Economic Area.

http://ec.europa.eu/education/programmes/mundus/index_en.html

Erasmus Mundus External Co-operation Window: (applies to students and academic staff from eligible countries in Africa, Asia, the Caribbean, Eastern Europe, Latin America, the Pacific and the Western Balkans) The Erasmus Mundus External Co-operation Window supports the exchange of students, researchers and academic staff between institutions in eligible European and third countries for periods ranging from 1 to 34 months.

<http://eacea.ec.europa.eu/extcoop/call/index.htm>

OSI scholarships at the American University in Bulgaria

For nationals of: **Albania**, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, **Bosnia & Herzegovina**, **Croatia**, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, **the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia**), Moldova, Mongolia, **Montenegro**, Romania, Russia, **Serbia and the region of Kosovo**, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan.

<http://www.aubg.bg/template5.aspx?page=4184&menu=002001007>

Scholarships on the New Bulgarian University

<http://www.nbu.bg/index.php?l=23&lang=1>

c) List of main universities and colleges:

- American University in Bulgaria - <http://www.aubg.bg/>
- National Academy for Theatre and Film Arts - <http://www.natfiz.bg/>
- Medical University of Pleven - <http://www.mu-pleven.bg/>
- Medical University of Sofia - <http://www.mu-sofia.bg/index.php?p=1>
- Medical University of Varna - <http://www.mu-varna.bg/>
- National Sports Academy - <http://www.nsa.bg/>
- New Bulgarian University - <http://www.nbu.bg/entrance.php?lang=1>
- Plovdiv University - <http://www.pu.acad.bg/>
- Rousse University - <http://www.ru.acad.bg/>
- Sofia University - <http://www.uni-sofia.bg/>
- South-West University "Neofit Rilski" - <http://www.swu.bg/bg/>
- Technical University of Sofia - <http://www.tu-sofia.bg/Bul/index.html>
- University of National and World Economy - <http://www.unwe.acad.bg/?lang=en>
- University of Economics Varna - <http://www.ue-varna.bg/bg/index.php>

d) foreign students' programmes

American University in Bulgaria <http://www.aubg.bg/>

5. Residence

A long-term residence in Bulgaria can be continuous with a one-year leave to remain (based on the D-type visa), and permanent with an indefinite leave to remain (permanent residence). Applications for D-type visas can be submitted to Bulgaria's consular representations abroad. Applications for permanent residence can only be submitted in Bulgaria.

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- foreigners representing a foreign commercial company
- Foreigners who are the financially independent parents of foreigners permanently residing in the country

- foreigners who have been admitted to a Bulgarian clinic for medical treatment and who have the required financial means
- foreign media correspondents
- foreign investors
- members of the family of a foreigner with a continuous residence permit or a Bulgarian citizen
- parents of a foreigner or are de facto cohabitants of a foreigner who has been granted a continuous residence permit
- person who wish to work on a freelance basis after obtaining a permit from the authorities of the Ministry of Labour and Social Policy
- persons who wish to perform non-profit activities after obtaining a permission from the Ministry of Justice

A permanent residence permit may be granted to foreigners:

1. of Bulgarian ethnic origin;
2. married to a permanent residence permit holders (five years after the marriage)
3. minor children of a permanent residence permit holders who have not been married;
4. parents of Bulgarian citizens when they provide the due legally established support, and in the cases of acknowledgement or adoption – upon expiration of 3 years from the acknowledgement or adoption;
5. persons legally resident in Bulgaria on continuous residence permit without interruption during the last 5 years, (period of their studies in Bulgaria counts only at 50%);
6. invested in the country over \$500,000
7. persons of Bulgarian origin, who lost their Bulgarian citizenship according to emigration agreements or by their own wish and they wish to settle permanently on the territory of the country.
8. who, by December 27 2007 , have entered, stay, or were born on the territory of the Republic of Bulgaria, and whose parent has married a Bulgarian citizen;
9. members of the family of the Bulgarian citizen, if they have stayed continuously in the territory of the Republic of Bulgaria during the previous five years.

For more detailed info please refer to the full text of the Law on Foreigners in Bulgaria:

http://www.mvr.bg/NR/rdonlyres/8C3CCC42-3E72-4CBB-900A-E8CB6DE82CAD/0/ZVPNRBGESChTS_EN.pdf

6. Asylum Procedure

The State Agency for the Refugees at the Council of Ministers is a responsible body for the refugee status determination. Supreme Administrative Court is the body responsible for appeal of negative decisions.

The asylum procedure lasts three to six months. An asylum seeker may apply for refugee status at or within 48 hours of arriving, at one of the Bulgarian border points. After three months asylum seekers can apply to do a specific job as long as there are no Bulgarian candidates. Recognised refugees have the right to work without a work permit and are entitled to family reunification. Status of a refugee extends to the existing spouse and minor unmarried children. The refugee status does not extend to spouse where marriage was undertaken after the acquiring of the refugee status.

For more detailed information check the Law for the Asylum and the Refugees:

http://www.mvr.bg/NR/rdonlyres/BC96E947-6DF6-48F6-9872-85F94CE8FC6C/0/07_Law_Asylum_Refugees_EN.pdf

7. Family reunification

The following persons are eligible for family reunification:

- 1) If a sponsor is a Bulgarian or EEA citizen:
 - i. Spouse
 - ii. Minor children who are unmarried (including children of the foreign spouse only)
 - iii. Children over 21 years of age who are dependent on the sponsor (including children of the foreign spouse only)
 - iv. Parents dependent on support of the sponsor

- v. Other dependent relatives
- 2) If a sponsor is an EEA citizen:
 - i. Spouse or co-habitant of the sponsor
 - ii. Minor children who are unmarried (including children of the foreign spouse only)
 - iii. Children over 21 years of age who are dependent on the sponsor (including children of the foreign spouse only)
 - iv. Parents dependent on support of the sponsor
 - 3) If a sponsor is a continuous or permanent residence permit holder/holder of the EC long-term residence permit:
 - i. Spouse
 - ii. Minor children who are unmarried (including children of the foreign spouse only)

Bulgaria is fully implementing the Council Directive 2003/86/EC of 22 September 2003 on family reunification – for more information on the family reunification categories, eligible members of the family, procedure etc please see on <http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2003:251:0012:0018:EN:PDF>

8. Health Care System

The mandatory health insurance provides a basic package of medical services that is guaranteed by the budget of the National Health Insurance Fund.

Insured persons under the mandatory health insurance system include among others:

1. Foreign citizens or persons without citizenship who are permitted to stay permanently in the Republic of Bulgaria
2. Recognised refugees and persons with humanitarian status
3. Foreign students and post-graduates who are enrolled in Bulgarian universities and scientific organizations under Decree No. 103 of the Council of Ministers of 1993 for educating Bulgarians abroad and Decree No. 228 of the Council of Ministers of 1997 for enrolling citizens of the Republic of Macedonia (FYROM) in state universities in the Republic of Bulgaria.

Outpatient medical services (except emergency aid) are provided by private individuals or legal persons who have concluded a framework agreement with NHIF. Every holder of national health insurance must choose their personal physician (general practitioner) whom they may consult as necessary. General practitioners refer cases beyond their professional competence to specialists who have a contract with NHIF.

For visits to general practitioners and, on referral, to specialists, patients pay a service fee equal to 1 per cent of the current minimum monthly wage. For each day of stay at a hospital, but for a total of no more than 10 days per year, patients pay 2 per cent of the current minimum wage. Certain patients are exempt, including: those suffering from certain medical conditions as listed in the national framework agreement; minors; unemployed family members; pregnant women; military personnel; war veterans and invalids; the socially disadvantaged placed at welfare institutions; medics; and certain others.

Those who do not hold national health insurance pay the full cost of medical service. In addition to the national health system, there are many private consulting rooms and clinics in which patients pay the full cost of medical treatment regardless of their health insurance status.

9. Social insurance system

The public social security system is run by the National Social Security Institute. The system provides benefits, allowances and pensions for sickness, temporary or permanent disability, maternity, unemployment, old age or death. Everyone employed for more than five working days or 40 hours per calendar month must be covered for all social security risks. Everyone employed by one or more employers for up to five working days (40 hours) per calendar month must be covered for permanent disability, old age, death, and occupational accident or disease. The contributions to social security required from employees are made by the employer from the employee's monthly wages. Self-employed persons are also self-insured for social security purposes. Any natural or legal person required to make social security contributions on behalf of others is treated as an insurer. Self-insured are individuals who must make such contributions entirely on their own behalf and for their own account.

Social security contributions are assessed as a percentage of all earned income, whether paid or accrued. Contribution rates and the proportions to be made by the insurer and by the beneficiary are set by the Social Security Code. Contributions to the Occupational Accident and Disease Fund are made entirely by the insurers.

Social security beneficiaries are entitled to maternity benefits, provided they have length of service of not less than six months. The daily amount is equal to 90 per cent of average daily wages or insurance base. Maternity benefits are payable for 315 calendar days, of which 45 before giving birth. After the 315-day period, mothers are entitled to further parental leave until the child is two years old. During this time, the mother (or the adoptive mother) receives monthly benefits in amounts set by the Social Security Budget Act. This entitlement (leave and benefits) can, with the mother's consent, be transferred to the father or to one of the couple's parents who is employed under an employment contract. Pregnant women who are foreign citizens, and the families of foreign citizens, who are permanent residents and are raising their children in Bulgaria are also entitled.

Bulgaria has agreements on social insurance with the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Croatia, Serbia, Montenegro, which contain provisions relating with illness and maternity benefits, old age, disability and survivors benefits, employment accident benefits, unemployment and family benefits.

10. Housing

Flats (owner or tenant-occupied) are the most common form of accommodation in towns and cities. In rural communities, family houses are the rule. Purchase prices and rents vary widely depending on part of the country, location and the physical condition of the property. The documents necessary to purchase a home include the identity papers of the buyer and the seller, and a document proving title in the property. Full or partial conveyances are always executed by notarised title deed.

Properties for purchase or rent are advertised by estate agents, the press and a number of websites, such as: www.bulgaria-property.imoti.net
www.imotibg.com
www.imoti.bg
<http://www.mybulgaria.info/Bulgarian-Real-Estate-Agents-Directory.html>

11. Recognition of diplomas

The procedure for the recognition of Diplomas for completed higher education is regulated and accomplished by the Ministry of Education and Science.

Persons who wish to receive official recognition of their Diplomas for completed higher education must submit the following documents to the Ministry of Education and Science:

1. Standard letter of application.
2. Diploma for completed secondary education.
3. Original and two copies of the Diploma for completed higher education or of an equivalent document, issued by an educational institution, recognized by the competent governmental authorities for that part of the civil educational system in the respective country.
4. The original and two copies of the diploma supplement.
5. Documents certifying the payment of the state fee for the recognition procedure.
6. The original document of identification and one copy.
7. Declaration for the truthfulness of all the data provided in the documents and a declaration certifying that the applicant has been duly informed of the legal consequences for presenting untrue information in accordance with the Penalty Act applicable in the Republic of Bulgaria.

Applicants should be ready to submit any further documentation relevant to the requested degree, if such are required by the recognition authority.

The documents described in 2, 3, 4, and 5 must be legalized, translated into Bulgarian and validated in accordance with the provisions regulating the standard procedure for the legalization, translation and validation of documents and other official papers.

On regulated professions in Bulgaria check: <http://regprof.nacid.bg/eng/indexeng.html>

National Center for Academic Recognition and Mobility
National Centre for Information and Documentation (NACID)
52a "D-r G.M.Dimitrov" Blvd.
1125 Sofia, BULGARIA
Phone: +359-2-871-38-24
Fax: +359-2-971-31-20
E-mail: naric@nacid.bg
<http://www.nacid.bg/>

Ministry of Education and Science (Министерство на образованието и науката)
<http://www.mon.bg/>
Mrs. Svetomira Kaloyanova
Policy in Higher Education Dept.
Ministry of Education and Science
2a, Kniiaz Dondukov Bld.
1000 Sofia, Bulgaria
Phone: +359 2 92 17 543
Fax: +359 2 92 17 656
E-mail: m.kaloyanova@mon.bg

12. Support services offered to migrants

Association for Integration of Refugees and Migrants
Sofia 1517, Lambi Krustev" Street, Block 113, Entrance A, Apt. 6
Tel.: +359 888 304 180; Fax: +359 2 989 9722
Email: airm@airm-bg.org , radeva@airm-bg.org
<http://www.airm-bg.org>

Bulgarian Helsinki Committee
Address: Sofia 1000, 1, Uzundjovska str
Tel./Fax: +359 2 981 33 18 980 20 49 / 988 00 57
E-mail: refunit@bghelsinki.org
http://www.bghelsinki.org/index_en.html

Bulgarian Red Cross
Refugee-Migrant Service
1407 Sofia 76, James Baucher Blvd.
Tel.: +359 2 81 64 814; Fax: +359 2 81 64 730
E-mail: lotus@redcross.bg
<http://www.redcross.bg>

The Animus Association
NGO created to help victims of violence including victims of trafficking
85 Ekzarh Yossif St., 1000 Sofia
Tel./Fax: +359 2 983 52 05; 983 53 05; 983 54 05
E-mail: animus@animusassociation.org
<http://www.animusassociation.org>

Nadya Centre Foundation
assists women who have experienced physical, sexual, and psychological violence
Sofia 1000, 12-A Georgi Benkovski St.
Tel: +359 2 981 9300; Fax: +359 2 989 4174
E-mail: nadya@cablebg.net

Legal Clinic for Refugees and Immigrants (LCRI)

based at the Faculty of Law
Northern Wing, 4th Floor, Room 293
Sofia University "St. Kliment Ohridsky"
Tsar Osvoboditel Blvd. 15
Sofia - 1000
Clinic email: lcribg@gmail.com
Tel./fax +359 2 943 45 58
www.lcri.hit.bg

Bulgarian National Anti Trafficking Commission

NKBTR Sofia
Hristo Botev str 6 (+359 2) 975 0000 (+359 2) 975 0000 (+359 2) 975 0335
info@bnatc.bg
NKBTR Varna
Sofia 1000 Hristo Botev str 6 (+359 2) 975 0000 (+359 2) 975 0335
info@bnatc.bg

IOM International Organization for Migration

Mission in Sofia
25 Khan Krum str.
tel. + 359 2/ 981 63 65
Email: iomsofia@iom.int
www.iom.bg

The Migration Service of Caritas Bulgaria

Oborishte Street 9
1504 Sofia
t: +359 (2) 944 18 58
f: +359 (2) 946 11 33
<http://www.caritas-bg.org/>

Association of Young Lawyers - Advocating for Human Rights and Social Justice

1000 Sofia, 7, Pirotska Street, 4-th floor, office 401
tel/fax: (+ 359 2) 987-31-79
e-mail: ayl-bulgaria@usa.net; ayl@justicemail.com

13. Acquisition of citizenship/nationality

Children born to at least one parent who is a Bulgarian citizen is entitled to Bulgarian citizenship.

A foreigner may acquire Bulgarian citizenship through naturalisation after 5 years of permanent residence. Spouses of Bulgarian citizens may acquire Bulgarian citizenship after 3 years of permanent residence and provided the marriage has been concluded at least 3 years before the application was filed. Refugees may also acquire Bulgarian citizenship after 3 years of permanent residence.

Applications for naturalization must be addressed to the Minister of Justice.

For further info please see the Law on Bulgarian Citizenship:
<http://www.bulgarianembassy.org.uk/citizenship/BGCitizenshipAct1.html>

Application form for Bulgarian citizenship can be found on:
<http://www.bulgarianembassy.org.uk/citizenship/BGCitizenship-Internet-English.html>

14. Other useful contacts and information

Government of the Republic of Bulgaria - <http://www.government.bg/English/>

Embassy of the Republic of Albania in Bulgaria

1504 Sofia, 10 Krakra Str.

Tel.: + 359 2 943 38 57, fax: + 359 2 943 30 69

E-mail: albanian@centrum-grup.com

Consular Department:

Tel.: + 359 2 943 38 57

Embassy of Bosnia and Herzegovina in Bulgaria

Sofia, 1 Al. Zhendov Str.

Tel.: + 359 973 37 75, fax: + 359 2 973 37 29

e-mail: ambihsofia@dir.bg

e-mail: consulbih@dir.bg

Embassy of the Republic of Croatia in Bulgaria

1504 Sofia, 32 Veliko Tarnovo Str.

Tel.: + 359 2 943 32 25, + 359 2 943 32 26; fax: + 359 2 946 13 55

E-mail: croemb.sofia@mvp.hr

Embassy of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia in Bulgaria

Sofia, 17 Frederic Joliot Curie Str, block 2, flat 1/5

Tel.: + 359 2 870 15 60, + 359 2 870 50 98; fax: + 359 2 971 28 32

E-mail: todmak@bgnet.bg maked@bgnet.bg

Embassy of the Republic of Serbia in Bulgaria

Sofia, 3 Veliko Tarnovo Str.

Tel.: + 359 2 946 16 33, + 359 2 946 16 3; fax: + 359 2 946 10 59

E-mail: sofia@emb-serbia.com

www.emb-serbia.com

Consular Service:

Tel.: + 359 2 943 45 90, + 359 2 944 12 23;

Fax: + 359 2 946 10 59